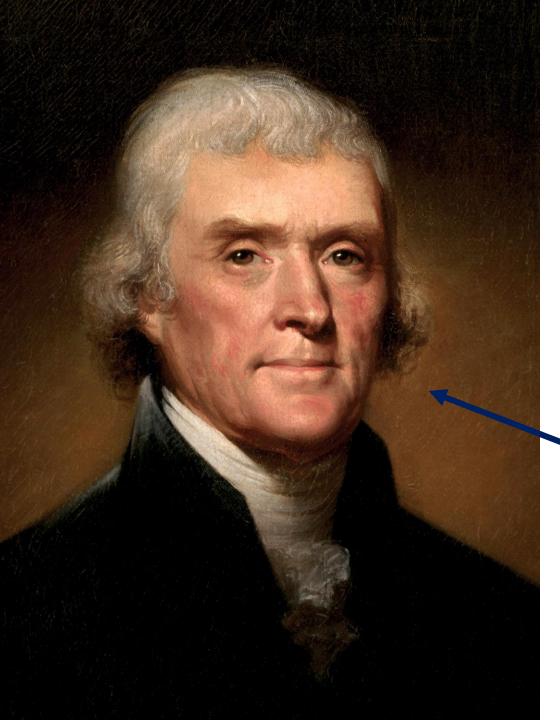


"We hold these truth to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of happiness."



"We hold these truth to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Thomas Jefferson

American Declaration of Independence, July 4th, 1776





"We hold these truth to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

What is happiness for YOU?

Type your answer with **key words** here





"We hold these truth to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

# Discuss the answers with your group:

1) What key words did you choose and why? Do you agree with your classmates? What are the differences/common points?2) Could you identify different categories for the words?

- I agree / disagree with
- I don't understand why + S
- We could divide the words **into** X categories
- I share X's point of view...



# **ORAL INTERACTION**

BRAINSTORMING

What do you remember about your **philosophy class**? With your team, write everything you remember about the **philosophical definitions** of the terms 'techne', 'technology' & 'happiness'



# SCAN THE QR CODE AND COMPLETE THE APPS.

Tips: Memorize the philosophical definition for our next activity!









#### HAPPINESS AND TECHNICAL PROGRESS IN THE US

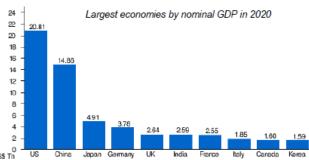


#### 1) American Declaration of Independence, July 4, 1776

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, --That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness."

#### 2) American GDP

"Gross domestic product (GDP) is the market value of all final goods and services from a nation in a given year."



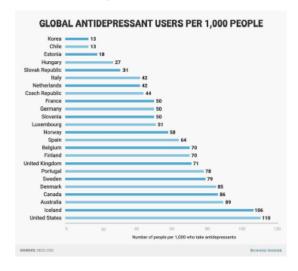
Source: "World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020". IMF.org. International Monetary Fund.

#### 3) International Innovation Index

The International Innovation Index is a global index measuring the level of innovation of a country. [...] The International Innovation Index is part of a large research study that looked at both the business outcomes\* of innovation and government's ability to encourage and support innovation through public policy\*.



4) American use of antidepressant



Source: https://www.businessinsider.com/countries-largest-antidepressant-drug-users-2016-11?IR=T

→ In pairs, observe and compare the data in the documents. What can you say about the correlation between technical progress and happiness in the US? What paradox / opposition do you notice? Define the underlying\* philosophical paradox.

#### \*VOCABULARY BOX\*

-unalienable rights = rights that you can never remove or take away -principles (= des principes)

-consent (=le consentement, l'accord)

-GDP : Gross Domestic Product (= PIB)

-antidepressant

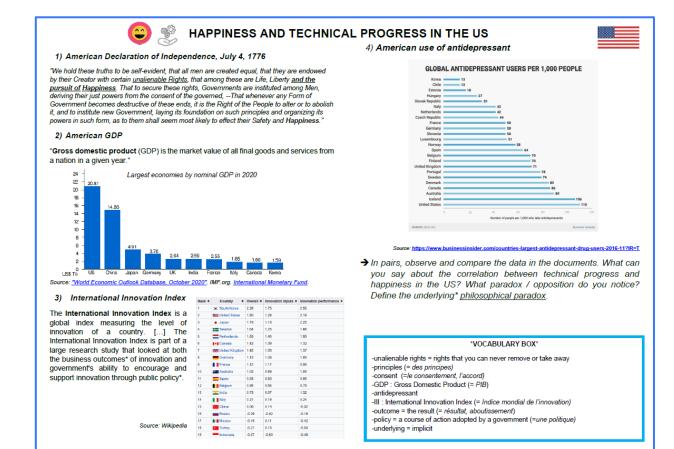
-III: International Innovation Index (= Indice mondial de l'innovation)

-outcome = the result (= résultat, aboutissement)

-policy = a course of action adopted by a government (=une politique) -underlying = implicit

#### **DOCUMENT ANALYSIS**

- 1) What notion could be linked to this unit and why?
- 2) What could be the problematic of the unit?



# THE (TECHNICAL) PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS



# UNIT'S COVER PAGE



https://teacherlopez.padlet.org/englishclass/thepursuitofhappiness



# The (technical) pursuit of happiness

Main axis: private space, public space

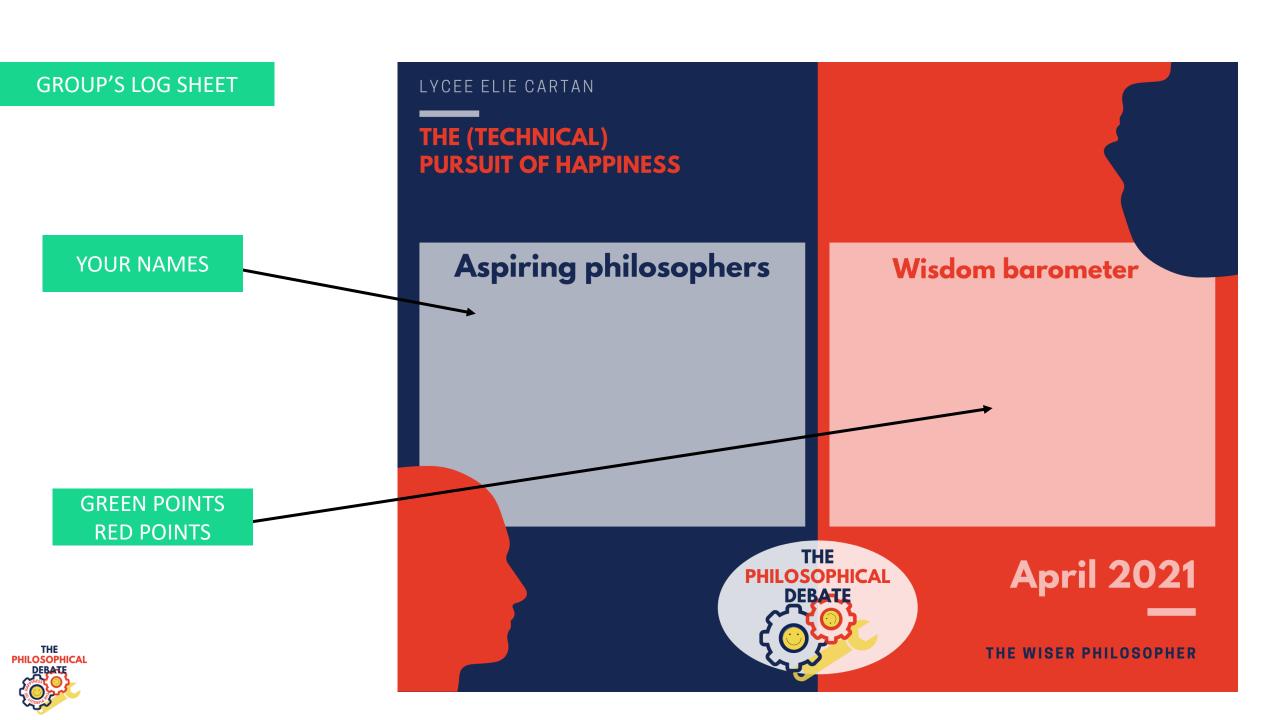
Secondary axis: Identities and exchanges

Problematic: To what extent is the American way of life guaranteeing American individuals to pursue happiness?

Final Task: You will take part in a philosophical debate → Oral interaction – in groups

VOCABULARY					
Nouns (N) Verbs	(V)	Adjectives (Adj)	Others (X)		





## **MEMORISING**

In philosop	hy, <b>happiness</b> is a	of long-lasting	It is
a	rather than* a	Happiness is equival	lent to
	the ability to	be to be fu	lly
accomplish	ed in one's life, to be	or become who one truly is	).



# LANGUAGE ANALYSIS

"Happiness is equivalent to self-accomplishment: the ability to be fulfilled, to be fully accomplished in **one**'s life, to be or become who **one** truly is."

"Philosophically speaking, techne differs from natural processes because **one** needs a human intelligence to develop it."

1) Who is 'one' referring to?2) How would you translate it in the 2 sentences?

3) Do you know other ways to translate 'on' / 'nous' into English?



Title: HAPPINESS by Steve Cutts

Source: Youtube.com

-In your opinion, what could be the short film about?

-What could be the link between the screenshot and the title?





# SHORT FILM ANALYSIS

**STEP 2: ANALYSIS** 

Title: HAPPINESS by Steve Cutts

Source: Youtube.com



# Scan the QR code. Ask questions 1) & 2).

If you finish early, do question 3)

#### **HAPPINESS** by Steve Cutts – ANALYSIS



http://www.viewpure.com/e9dZQelULDk?start=0&end=0

#### 1) THE CHARACTER'S ENVIRONMENT

- **a.** Observe the character's <u>environment</u>. Briefly describe what you see and describe the general atmosphere in the video.
- **b.** When/where do you read 'happiness'? Deduce: what is happiness associated with in this environment?
  - → Conclude: What type of society is the rat living in? To what extent does it correspond to the American society?

#### 2) THE CHARACTER(S)

Observe the rat's <u>reactions and feelings</u> and fill in the grid. When does it <u>look happy</u>? When does it look unhappy?

The rat looks happy when	The rat looks unhappy when	





# SHORT FILM ANALYSIS

STEP 3: SYNTHESIS / TRACE ECRITE

Title: HAPPINESS by Steve Cutts

Source: Youtube.com



- → What is Steve Cutts showing about happiness and the modern way of life?
- → How do happiness and technical/technological progress intertwine in the short film?

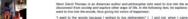




# FROM COMPREHENSION TO INTERACTION



# **GROUP A**



"I went to the woods because I wished to live deliberately" [...] and not, when I came I discover that I had not lived. I did not wish to live what was not life, living is so deat" Heren: Thoreas"

What do you understand from this quote?

2) Extract: The Big Blang Theory – The \_Cruciferous \_Vegetable \_Amplification

in this episode, Sheldon realizes he could die sometay. To preserve
body from dwaft and interact with others, he creates a robot with

 (Ineliation appears as a robot because he works to live longer. Read Thoreau's que above (doc 1) and conclude: why is it paradosistal for him to live his file as a robot?
 De vice their his consult reach becomes the war? To what extent is it illustration.

N Extract The Dis Dans Theory. The incomplete format-

Penny is sad because she envies the attuation of her fits Because who had a baby. Bernadette and Amy my to com her.

Listen to the extract. Pick oil elements you stickerstand about 8
minutes ship Purrys is said.
 Focus on 0:30-0:40. Perrys explains why she thest said. Pick out the verb she repeats:
what other with is it offer opposed? What does it issued about the visions of happines
and accomplishatered.

 Focus on 0'56-the end. Bemadette and Any each give a different argument to confi Penny, Pick out the verbs they use to introduce their arguments. What type of argument do the both give? Analyse what vision of well-being and self-accomplishment does it reveal?

SYNTHESIS: To what extent is technical and technological progress presented as a most self-accomplishment in these exhacts from American series? What parallel or opposition ca

**GROUP B** 

**GROUP A:** TECHNICAL PROGRESS, HAPPINESS & AMERICAN ADS

**GROUP B**: TECHNICAL PROGRESS, HAPPINESS & AMERICAN TV

STEP 1: INDIVIDUAL WORK: Follow the instructions on your worksheet.

STEP 2: EXPERT GROUP WORK: Put your answers in common with your group.

STEP 3: INDIVIDUAL WORK: Scan the QR code and do the apps to work on pronunciation.



STEP 4: PAIR + PAIR WORK: Share your analysis with pupils who worked on the other theme. Mind your pronunciation!



### **MEMORISING**

# **REFRESH YOUR MEMORY!**

You are going to debate with your group. Do you remember how to express your opinion?

Choose 1 or 2 apps and do them again.





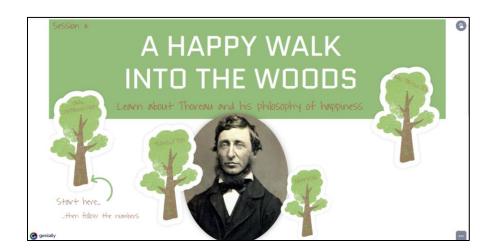
# DEBATE!

Do you believe, like Penny and her friends, that having a house, a nice car and a high salary can make you happy?

- Use different equivalent forms of the French word 'On'
- → Discuss the vision of happiness given in ads and TV series
- Reuse vocabulary from the Learning Apps to express your opinion



# SESSION 4 ON GENIALLY





# F RECAP

- Transcendentalism is...
- To think about life and experience a new lifestyle, Thoreau...
- According to Thoreau, self-reliance is...
- For him, technology is...



Understanding a philosophical text

You know this man! Do you remember who lent the **cabin** to **Thoreau** and developed the notion of **transcendentalism**?





# RALPH WALDO EMERSON

(1803 - 1882)



Let's study an essay written by Emerson

Understanding a philosophical text



# **STEP 1: ANTICIPATION**

Read the beginning of the text below. What word is **repeated** in 2 different forms? Simply **define** this word.

# Essays, First Series 2. Self-Reliance

4. As our Religion, our Education, our Art look abroad, so does our spirit of society. All men plume themselves on the improvement of society, and no man improves.



Understanding a philosophical text



# **STEP 1: ANTICIPATION**

Read the beginning of the text below. What word is **repeated** in 2 different forms? Simply **define** this word.

→ 'improvement', 'improves'. Improvement = a positive evolution.

# Essays, First Series 2. Self-Reliance

4. As our Religion, our Education, our Art look abroad, so does our spirit of society. All men plume themselves on the improvement of society, and no man improves.



Text: Essays, First Series; 2. SELF-RELIANCE

Understanding a philosophical text

# **STEP 2: GENERAL COMPREHENSION**



Read the text. Underline the ideas you understand.

# Click on the icon to download your text



### Ralph Waldo Emerson: Essays, First Series

#### 2. SELF-RELIANCE. (continued)

- 4. As our Religion, our Education, our Art look abroad, so does our spirit of society. All men plume themselves on the improvement of society, and no man improves.
- 5 Society never advances. It recedes as fast on one side as it gains on the other. It undergoes continual changes; it is barbarous, it is civilized, it is christianized, it is rich, it is scientific; but this change is not amelioration. For every thing that is given something is taken. Society acquires new arts and loses old instincts. What a contrast between the well citing, thinking American, with a watch, a pencil and a bill of exchange in his poor
- spear, a mat and an undivided twentie and you shall see that the white man

The civilized man has built a coach, so much support of muscle. He has a A Greenwich nautical almanac he has muttical he street does not know a star in the sky and the whole bright calendar of the year his libraries overload his wit; the insurance-or question whether\* machinery does not encumber.

Source: http://www.literaturepage.com/read/emersonessays1-43.html

\*the naked New Zealander: Emerson is referring to the Native people of New Zealand

\*well-clad = well-dressed \*whether = it





# **STEP 3: DETAILED COMPREHENSION**

a.Read the text again. Pick out elements that Emerson opposes and classify them in 2 categories (positive evolution / negative evolution).

Choose what corresponds to your level

A1/A2→ Find <u>linking words</u> expressing <u>opposition</u> to help you

A2+/B1→ Focus on positively or negatively connoted verbs to help you

B1+/B2→ Read the implicit: find metaphors and explain the underlying opposition

**POSITIVE EVOLUTION** 



Text: Essays, First Series; 2. SELF-RELIANCE

Understanding a philosophical text

# **STEP 3: DETAILED COMPREHENSION**



[IN CLASS] b. Put your answers in common with your group and complete your grid.

**POSITIVE EVOLUTION** 







c. Observe the common points in each column. Imagine a more **specific title** for each column of the grid.

**POSITIVE EVOLUTION** 







c. Observe the common points in each column. Imagine a more **specific title** for each column of the grid.

→ New technology / lost skill

Or

→ Technological improvement / human regression

**POSITIVE EVOLUTION** 







'The civilized man has built a coach, but has lost the use of his feet'. 'He has a fine Geneva watch, but he fails of the skill to tell the hour by the sun.'

- 1) Repère les verbes principaux dans chaque proposition
- 2) A quel temps les verbes sont-ils conjugués?
- 3) Pourquoi ces deux temps sont-ils utilisés? Quel sens en est donné au texte?







'The civilized man has built a coach, but has lost the use of his feet'. 'He has a fine Geneva watch, but he fails of the skill to tell the hour by the sun.'

- 1) Repère les verbes principaux dans chaque proposition
- 2) A quel temps les verbes sont-ils conjugués?
- 3) Pourquoi ces deux temps sont-ils utilisés? Quel sens en est donné au texte?

## **CORRECTION**

- 'has built', 'has lost' → present perfect simple: ici utilisé pour faire le bilan des actions de l'homme, pour parler des conséquences présentes de ses actions passées. Emerson exprime les conséquences des progrès techniques sur les capacités physiques et naturelles de l'homme.
- 'has', 'fails' → présent simple: ici utilisé sous forme de vérité générale, pour parler d'une vérité universelle: cette valeur du présent simple est souvent utilisée en philosophie, puisque la philosophie vise à penser l'homme dans son universalité! Ici, le message d'Emerson se veut donc universel, il vise à définir l'Homme dans sa nature.



Text: Essays, First Series; 2. SELF-RELIANCE

Understanding a philosophical text





With all the information you have collected, answer the following question:

- -What is Emerson's opinion on technical progress and technology?
- -How can you link this idea with the title of the text: 'self-reliance\*'

Text: Essays, First Series; 2. SELF-RELIANCE

Understanding a philosophical text





With all the information you have collected, answer the following question:

- -What is Emerson's opinion on technical progress and technology?
- -How can you link this idea with the title of the text: 'self-reliance\*'

Ralph Waldo Emerson, born in the XIXth century, believes that technical progress isn't real progress for humanity. In his opinion, every advance we make with technology makes us loose our natural skills. It brings us away from Nature, from our human nature and it makes us weaker and less happy.

With this thought, he encourages people to be able to **rely on themselves**: to be **self-sufficient**, to be **autonomous** in order to be fully **accomplished** and therefore to be **truly happy**.

**MEMORISING** 







Improve
Advance
Gain
Give
Acquire
increase



Undergo change Lose Take

Lack *sth*Fail *to +V* 

Impair *sth* overload









Improve
Advance
Gain
Give
Acquire
increase



recede

Undergo change

Lose

Take

Lack sth

Fail to +V

Impair sth

overload

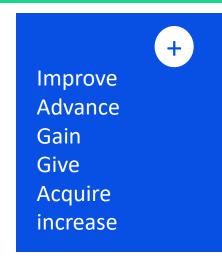


Text: Essays, First Series; 2. SELF-RELIANCE



Become a modern Emerson! [In pairs], reinvent paragraph 3 using modern examples.

- → Use the **present perfect** to assess man's actions and the simple present to talk about man in a universal way
- → Imagine modern arguments of technology replacing our skills
- → Reuse the verbs below.



recede
Undergo change
Lose
Take
Lack sth
Fail to +V
Impair sth
overload



**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



Do you remember Emerson's opinion on technology?



**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



Do you remember Emerson's opinion on technology?

Emerson believes that technical progress and technology are making us **loose our natural skills**, that technology brings us away from Nature and from Human Nature.

Do you agree with him?

I agree with...
I disagree with...
I believe that...
To me, ...
It is true that... but...



**'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'** 

LEARNING TO DEBATE



Americans care about."

### **STEP 1: ANTICIPATION**

You are going to watch a video called 'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'. It is a summary of the full debate that took place on the American PBS channel.

Imagine the question that was asked about technology.



TO ASK A YES/NO QUESTION

BE + S + noun/adjective?

DO + S + Verb infinitive + complement?

**'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'** 

**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



"POINT TAKEN debates a topic Americans care about."

## **STEP 1: ANTICIPATION**

Listen to the introduction by Carlos Watson and pick out the debating question.





**'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'** 

**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



**STEP 1: ANTICIPATION** 

The debating question is:

Is technology making us smarter or dumber?

In pairs, imagine 2 opposite arguments to answer the debating question.



'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'
Is technology making us smarter or dumber?

**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



Americans care about."

**STEP 2: GENERAL COMPREHENSION** 

Watch the debate.

Focus on what you understand and identify which team is on which side (smarter vs. dumber). Give a title to each column of the grid.

**TEAM n°1** (on the right, Jeff & Daniel):

**TEAM n°2** (on the left, Emily and Kathryn):



'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'
Is technology making us smarter or dumber?

**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



Americans care about."

**STEP 3: DETAILED COMPREHENSION** 

Watch again.

Pick out key word for each participant and fill in the grid.

Then, explain the arguments with your own words.

**TEAM n°1** (on the right, Jeff & Daniel):

technology makes us dumber

**TEAM n°2** (on the left, Emily and Kathryn):

technology makes us smarter



'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'
Is technology making us smarter or dumber?

LEARNING TO DEBATE



"POINT TAKEN debates a topic

Americans care about."

THE PHILOSOPHICAL

# **STEP 3: DETAILED COMPREHENSION**

Watch again.

Pick out key word for each participant and fill in the grid.

Then, explain the arguments with your own words.

**TEAM n°1** (on the right, Jeff & Daniel):

technology makes us dumber

TEAM n°2 (on the left, Emily and Kathryn): technology makes us smarter

Technology doesn't engage critical thinking: it doesn't encourage people to take distance from what they read.

Technology 'protects' you from things that might challenge you: you stay surrounded with people and posts sharing the same opinion.

Technology is what me make of it.

Technology helps to **connect people** and gives everyone **access to information**.

'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'
Is technology making us smarter or dumber?

**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



"POINT TAKEN debates a topic Americans care about."

# **STEP 3: DETAILED COMPREHENSION**

Watch again.

Pay attention to the way each participant introduce their arguments: what **debating strategies** do they use? How do they try to convince their opponents?

Then, identify other strategies you could use.



**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



"POINT TAKEN debates a topic
Americans care about."

Download the script for correction.

Then, listen to the video and underline the stressed words and mark the pauses.

Finally, read the script expressively. You have to be **CONVINCING**!

TIPS! To be convincing, remember to stress important words and to mark pauses!

**LEARNING TO DEBATE** 



"POINT TAKEN debates a topic Americans care about."

'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'
Is technology making us smarter or dumber?

**STEP 4: SYNTHESIS** 

Who do you find most convincing? Why?



LANGUAGE ANALYSIS

LEARNING TO DEBATE

'POINT TAKEN | The Technology Debate in 58 Seconds'
Is technology making us smarter or dumber?



"POINT TAKEN debates a topic Americans care about."

ROLE n°1: You are on the 'DUMBER' team. You have studied Emerson. Answer the debating question quoting Emerson.

OR

ROLE n°2: You are Carlos Watson, the anchor of the show. Prepare ideas and follow-up questions to ask your participants.

OR

ROLE n°3: You are on the 'SMARTER' team. Prepare counter-arguments to Emerson's point of view.

# YOU MUST INCLUDE QUESTIONS IN YOUR SPEECH



TO ASK A YES/NO QUESTION

BE + S + noun/adjective?

DO + S + Verb infinitive + complement?

# FINALTASK

**ORAL INTERACTION** 

You are an American citizen. You take part in a debate in the Point Taken show. Question of the day: Is technology making us Americans happier or more unhappy?

**ROLE A:** you belong to team 'HAPPIER'.

ROLE B: you belong to team 'MORE UNHAPPY'.

**ROLE C:** you are the **anchor**, you feed the debate with new ideas and follow-up questions.







Is technology making us Americans happier or more unhappy?



**HAPPIER** 

MORE UNHAPPY